

# Key aid figures for 2025

## 23.1 per cent decline in international aid

International aid from OECD DAC countries amounted to USD 174.3 billion in 2025. This was 23.1 per cent lower than in 2024, measured in constant prices. Aid from DAC countries is thus back at levels seen when the SDG agenda was launched in 2015. The United States, Germany, France, the United Kingdom and Japan accounted for 96 per cent of the cuts, with the United States alone accounting for three quarters. Humanitarian aid fell by 35.8 per cent in 2025.

## The poorest countries are hit hardest by international aid cuts

Earmarked aid to the least developed countries fell by 25.8 per cent, while aid to Sub-Saharan Africa fell by 26.3 per cent. This is largely linked to the United States historically being a major donor to these country groups.

## 58.9 billion kroner in Norwegian aid

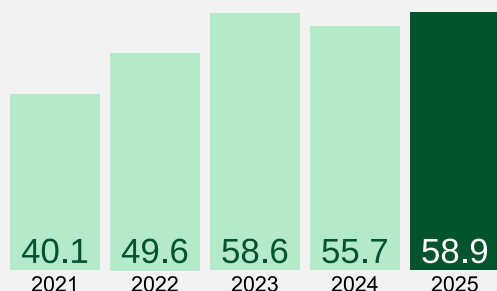
Norwegian aid increased by NOK 3.2 billion from 2024, corresponding to 5.8 per cent in current prices and 1.7 per cent in constant prices. At 1.03 per cent of GNI, Norway was the largest donor of the four countries that met the UN target of at least 0.7 per cent ODA/GNI, while the DAC countries' total ODA/GNI ratio fell from 0.34 to 0.26 per cent.

## Support to Ukraine accounts for much of the increase in Norwegian aid

Ukraine received NOK 11.7 billion in 2025, 27 per cent more than in 2024, measured in current prices. By comparison, the least developed countries received NOK 7 billion in total. Ukraine receiving more than the LDCs also reflects an international trend. Norwegian aid to both the LDCs and Sub-Saharan Africa was roughly at 2024 levels in absolute amounts, but their shares of geographically specified aid declined, continuing a downward trend over several years.

### Total Norwegian aid

NOK billion, current prices



### Ten largest recipient countries

NOK million, 2025

